Grant of Share Capital to cooperative

688. SHRI A.G. KULKARNI:
SHRI VISHWASRAO RAMRAO PATIL:
DR. BAPU KALDATE:

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) the number of proposals pending with the National Cooperative Development Corporation for grant of share capital to the cooperative spinning mills, to cooperative consumer societies; and to cooperative horticulture and fruit processing societies and the present status in the States of Maharashtra, Karnataka, Haryana, Punjab etc; and

(b) whether Government propose to direct NCDC to grant share capital and advise financing institutions to contribute long term loans to these processing societies since these institutions are reluctant to grant capital loans?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND COOPERATION IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI NITISH KUMAR): (a) Only one proposal for assistance towards rehabilitation of a cooperative spinning mill from Maharashtra is pending with the National Cooperative Development Corporation. No other proposal for assistance to cooperative spinning mills, cooperative consumer societies, cooperative horticulture and fruit processing societies is pending with National Cooperative Development Corporation.

(b) No, Sir. In case of cooperative spinning mills, there is a tie-up arrangement between the central financial institutions sanction term loans depending upon the techno-economic viability of the project and then NCDC grants share capital assistance.

Nehru Rojgar Yozna

689. SHRI ASHWANI KUMAR: Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether about Rs. 400 crores would be available this year for release to State Governments under Nehru Rojgar Yozna to be subsequently released to urban bodies for financing the schemes (i) Micro Enterprise; (ii) Wage Employment and Employment through Housing and Urban Shelter Upgradation; and

(b) what are the details of the recast Yozna and the State-wise targets fixed for the year scheme-wise?

THE MINISTER OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI MURASOLI MARAN): (a) Yes Sir. With an outlay of Rs. 120 crores in the Central budget, together with the matching share to be provided by the State/UTs and the institutional finances, the total outlay for the current year for the Nehru Rozgar Yojana will be about Rs. 320 crores.

(b) Details of the recast Yojana and the State-wise target are indicated in the statement enclosed.

Statement

Brief details of recast Nehru Rozgar Yojana

The Nehru Rozgar Yojana has been designed to provide employment to the urban unemployed and under employed poor living below the poverty line. During 1989-90, central funds were placed directly at the disposal of urban local bodies (for towns with population above 3 lakhs) and to the District Rural Development Agencies (DRDAS) in the States — other than UTs and Hill states. As far as Hill States and Union Territory administrations are concerned, central funds were released directly to the Chief Secretary/Administrator of the Hill

States/UT concerned.

2. From the current financial year, central funds for NRY will be released to State Governments/UTs or to a single State/UT level organisation designated by them for this purpose. According to the Revised Guidelines, the States Governments will have flexibility in alloting these funds to State level, District level, local body or to other agencies implementing the schemes of Urban Micro Enterprises and Urban Wage Employment. The detailed procedure for transfer of funds and maintaining accounts for the same will be finalised through States/UTs so as to ensure—

(a) appointment of funds within each State on the basis of urban population of each district;
(b) timely receipt of funds by implementing agencies;
(c) that the funds do not lapse; and
(d) prompt release by the State Governments of their own share of funds for the programme to ensure that the pace of implementation is maintained.

3. The State Governments will have full flexibility in determining the appropriate organisational arrangements at the State, State Level agencies, District Urban Development Agencies, Local authorities etc, for implementing the scheme of Urban Micro Enterprises and Urban Wage Employment.

4. Under the Urban Micro Enterprises scheme, special attention would be paid to training. The training will consist of demonstration and skill upgradation oriented training programmes. The training profils will be prepared by the District/State Agencies keeping in view the demands for different types of trades services at the local level.

5. In view of the special conditions in Hill States, they would be permitted to operate the scheme of Housing and Shelter Upgradation even in urban settlements below 1 lakh population; this scheme can also be made applicable to newly developing industrial towns on a case-by-case basis if such a request is made by the concerned State Governments.

Statement

Estimated targets for the three schemes of NRY on the basis of funds allocated during 1989-90 and proposed to be allocated during 1990-91.

(in lakhs)

Name of State/UT	*UME Units*		*UME Scheme*	*H & SU Scheme*	
	Units	*Trainees*	*Mandays*	*Mandays*	*Trainees*
1	2	3	4	5	6
Andhra Pradesh	12300	2900	9.00	5.75	2900
Bihar	11000	2550	12.85	6.10	2600
Goa	300	60	0.55	2.85	50
Gujarat	6000	1400	8.45	0.80	1450
Haryana	1700	400	12.70	4.90	400
Karnataka	10500	2450	11.85	2.20	2500
Kerala	5000	1100	3.85	5.25	1150
Maharashtra	13000	3000	16.65	5.20	2700
Madhya Pradesh	10800	2600	12.80	1.50	2700
Orissa	3200	700	5.85	1.50	750

1	2	3	4	5	6
Punjab	3300	700	4.70	3.00	800
Rajasthan	6400	1500	10.00	6.00	1550
Tamil Nadu	15000	3400	9.90	12.80	3100
U.P.	28000	6400	40.85	4.60	6500
West Bengal	12000	2700	8.15	0.10	2350
Arunachal Pradesh	400	150	0.20	0.05	70
Assam	1800	550	3.10	0.70	400
Himachal Pradesh	800	300	0.85	0.10	140
Jammu & Kashmir	1400	450	0.95	0.30	250
Manipur	600	200	0.75	0.10	100
Meghalaya	400	150	0.25	0.05	90
Mizoram	300	100	0.40	0.05	50
Nagaland	500	200	0.30	0.10	90
Sikkim	400	140	0.35	0.05	60
Tripura	300	100	0.65	0.05	60
A & N Island	200	40	0.10	0.01	20
Chandigarh	400	70	0.10	0.15	80
Daman & Diu	300	70	0.10	0.01	30
Dadra & N. Haveli	200	40	0.05	0.02	20
Lakshadweep	200	40	0.35	0.01	20
Pondicherry	300	90	0.25	0.10	80
Delhi	1800	410		0.10	50
TOTAL: (say 1.50 lakhs)	148800	34960 (say 177)	176.90	64.50	35110

NOTE:

1. Self-employment venture likely to be promoted 1.50 lakhs
2. Mandays of wage labour likely to be generated 240 lakhs mandays
3. Beneficiaries likely to be trained 0.70 lakhs

राष्ट्रीय डेरी विकास बोर्ड द्वारा आयातित खाद्य तेलों की बिक्री

690. **श्री बलराम सिंह यादव:**
श्रीमती कैलाशपति:

क्या **कृषि** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) क्या यह सच है कि पिछले कुछ वर्षों के दौरान राष्ट्रीय डेरी विकास बोर्ड द्वारा खाद्य तेलों का आयात किया गया था;

(ख) यदि हां, तो इस आयातित खाद्य तेल की देश में पहुंचने के समय क्या कीमत थी;

(ग) क्या यह सच है कि राष्ट्रीय डेरी विकास बोर्ड द्वारा इस तेल को उपभोक्ताओं को अत्यधिक कीमत पर बेचा गया था; और

(घ) यदि हां, तो बिक्री किस दर पर की गई थी और बोर्ड द्वारा इस सौदे में कमायी गयी लाभ की राशि को किस प्रकार से इस्तेमाल किया जा रहा है?

कृषि मंत्रालय में कृषि और सहकारिता विभाग में राज्य मंत्री (श्री नितिश कुमार): (क) जी हां।

(ख) राष्ट्रीय डेरी विकास बोर्ड ने तीन किस्म का आयातित तेल प्राप्त किया, जिसकी अवतरित लागत निम्न प्रकार है:—

उपहारस्वरूप आयातित तेल : निःशुल्क